

# The syllabus

## Course I

### Introduction to Human Rights and Duties

Credit: 1

#### I) Basic Concept

- a) Human Values- Dignity , Liberty, Equality , Justice, Unity in Diversity, Ethics and Morals
- b) Meaning and significance of Human Rights Education

#### II) Perspectives of Rights and Duties

- a) Rights: Inherent-Inalienable-Universal- Individual and Groups
- b) Nature and concept of Duties
- c) Interrelationship of Rights and Duties

#### III) Introduction to Terminology of Various Legal Instruments

- a) Meaning of Legal Instrument- Binding Nature
- b) Types of Instruments: Covenant-Charter-Declaration-Treaty-Convention-Protocol-Executive Orders and Statutes

#### IV) United Nations And Human Rights

- a) Brief History of Human Rights- International and National Perspectives
- b) Provision of the charters of United Nations
- c) Universal Declaration of Human Rights- Significance-Preamble
- d) Civil and Political Rights-(Art. 1-21)
- e) Economic, Social and Cultural Rights-(Art.22-28)
- f) Duties and Limitations-(Art. 29)
- g) Final Provision (Art. 30)

## **Course II**

### **Human rights of vulnerable and disadvantaged groups**

**Credit: 1**

#### **I) General Introduction**

- a) Meaning and Concept of Vulnerable and Disadvantaged
- b) Groups, Customary, Socio-Economic and Cultural Problems of
- c) Vulnerable and Disadvantaged Groups

#### **II) Social status of women and children in International and national perspective**

- a) Human Rights and Women's Rights –International and National Standards
- b) Human Rights of Children-International and National Standards

#### **III) Status of Social and Economically Disadvantaged people**

- a) Status of Indigenous People and the Role of the UN
- b) Status of SC/ST and Other Indigenous People in the Indian Scenario
- c) Human Rights of Aged and Disabled
- d) The Minorities and Human Rights

#### **IV) Human rights of vulnerable groups**

- a) Stateless Persons
- b) Sex Workers
- c) Migrant Workers
- d) HIV/AIDS Victims

### **Course III**

## **Human Rights and Duties in India: Law, Policy, Society and Enforcement**

### **Mechanism**

**Credit: 1**

#### **I. Human Rights in Indian Context**

- a) Indian Bill of Rights And Sarvodaya
- b) Preamble- Fundamental Rights- Directive Principles-Fundamental Duties

#### **II. Human Rights- Enforcement Mechanism**

- a) Human Rights Act, 1993
- b) Judicial Organs- Supreme Court (Art 32) And High Courts(Art 226)
- c) Human Rights Commission- National and State of Maharashtra
- d) Commission of Women, children , Minority, SC/ST
- e) Survey of International Mechanism

#### **III. Human Rights Violations and Indian Polity**

- a) Inequalities in society-population-illiteracy-poverty-caste-inaccessibility of legal redress
- b) Abuse of Executive Power-Corruption-Nepotism and favoritism
- c) Human Rights and Good Governance
- d)

#### **IV. Role of Advocacy Groups**

- a) Professional Bodies: Press, Media, Role of Lawyers-Legal Aid
- b) Educational Institutions
- c) Role of Corporate Sector
- d) NGO's